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John Hold. 1796. HISTORY

OF

SINDBAD

THE

SAILOR:

AN ACCOUNT

OF HIS SEVERAL

SURPRISING VOYAGES

AND

MIRACULOUS ESCAPES.

EMBELLISHED WITH ELEGANT CUTS.

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THE HISTORY

OF

SINDBAD

THE SAILOR.

His FIRST VOYAGE.

My father left me a confiderable estate, most part of which I spent during my youth; but I perceived my error, and called to mind that riches were perishable, and quickly consumed by such ill husbands as myself. I farther considered, that, by my irregular way of living, I wretchedly missipent my time, which is the most valuable thing

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in the world. I remembered the faying of the great Solomon, which I had frequently heard from my father, that Death is more tolerable than Poverty. Being struck with those reflections, I gathered together the ruins of my estate, and fold all my moveables in the public market to the highest bidder. Then I entered into a contract with some merchants, that traded by sea; I took the advice of fuch as I thought most capable to give it me; and, refolving to improve what money I had, I went to Balfora, a port on the Persian Gulph, and embarked with several merchants, who joined with me to fit out a thip on purpose.

We fet fail, and steered our course towards the East-Indies, through the Persian Gulph. At first I was troubled with the sea-sickness, but speedily recovered my health, and was not af-

terwards troubled with that difeafe.

In our voyage we touched at feveral islands, where we fold or exchanged our goods. One day, whilst under sail, we were becalmed near a little island, even almost within the surface of the water, which resembled a green meadow. The captain ordered his sails to be surled, and suffered such persons, as had a mind, to land upon the island, amongst whom I was one.

But, while we were diverting ourfelves with eating and drinking, and refreshing ourselves from the satigue of the sea, the island trembled

all of a fudden, and shook usterribly.

They perceived the trembling of the island on board the ship, and called to us to reimbark speedily, or we should all be lost; for what we took for an island, was only the back of a whale. The nimblest got into the sloop, others betook themselves to swim; but, for my part, I was still upon the back of the whale when he dived into the sea, and had time only to catch hold of a piece of wood that we had brought out of the ship to make a fire. Mean while the captain, having received those on board, who were in the sloop, and taken up some of those that

fwam, refolved to improve the favourable gale that was just rifen, and hoisting his fails, pursued his voyage, so that it was impossible to recover the ship.

Thus I was exposed to the mercy of the waves, and struggled for my life all the rest of of the day and the following night. Next morning I found my strength gone, and despaired of faving my life, when a wave threw me happily against an island. The bank was high and rugged, fo that I should scarcely have got up, had it not been for some roots of trees, which fortune seemed to have preserved in this place for my fafety. Being got up, I lay down upon the ground half dead, until fuch time as the fun appeared. Then, though I was very feeble, both by reason of my hard labour and want of victuals, I creeped along to feek for fome herbs fit to eat, and had not only the good luck to find fome, but likewise a spring of excellent water, which contributed much to recover me. After this I advanced father into the Island, & came at

last into a fine plain, where I perceived a horse feeding at a great distance. I went towards him betwixt hopes and fear, not knowing whether I was going to lose my life, or to fave it. When I came near it, I perceived it to be a very fine horse, tied to a stake. Whilst I looked upon him. I heard the voice of a man from under ground, who immediately appeared to me, and asked who I was. I gave him an account of my adventure, after which, taking me by the hand, he led me into a cave, where there were feveral other people, no less amazed to fee me, than I was to fee them.

I ate fome victuals which they offered me, and then, having asked them what they did in such a desert place? they answered, that they were grooms belonging to King Mihrage, sovereign of the island; and that every year, at the same season, they brought thinher the king's horses, and sastened them as I saw that horse, till they were washed with the water of a neighbouring pool; by virtue of which extraordinary

water, they were rendered stronger and more beautiful. They added, that they were to go home to-morrow, and had I been one day later, I must have perished, because the inhabited part of the island was at a greater distance, and it would have been impossible for me to have got thither without a guide.

Next morning they returned with their horses to the capital of the island, took me with them, and presented me to King Mihrage. He asked me who I was, By what adventure I came into his dominions? And, after I had satisfaim, he told me he was much concerned for my missoriune, and at the same time ordered that I should want nothing, which his officers were so generous and careful as to see exactly sulfilled.

Being a merchant, I frequented men of my own profession, and particularly enquired for those who were strangers, if perhaps I might hear any news from Bagdad, or find an opportunity to return thither. For King Mihrage's capital is situated on the bank of the sea, and

has a fine harbour where ships arrive daily from the different quarters of the world. I frequented also the society of the learned Indians, and took delight to hear them discourse; but withal, I took care to make my court regularly to the king, and conversed with the governors to the petty kings, his tributaries, that were about him. They asked me a thousand questions about my country; and I being willing to inform my-felf as to their laws and customs, asked them every thing which I thought worth knowing.

As I was one day at the port after my return a ship arrived, and as soon as she cast anchor they began to unload her, and the merchants on board ordered their goods to be carried into the magazine. As I cast my eye upon some bales, and looked to the name, I sound my own, and perceived the bales to be the same that I had embarked at Balsora. I also knew the captain: but being persuaded that he believed me to be drowned, I went and asked him whose bales these were? He replied, that they belonged to

a merchant of Bagdad called Sindbad, who came to fea with him; but one day, being near an ifland, as we thought, he went ashore with feveral other paffengers upon this supposed island which was only a monstrous whale, that lay asleep upon the surface of the water : but as foon as he felt the heat of the fire, they had kindled on his back to drefs fome victuals, he began to move, and dived under water; most of the perfons who were upon him perished, and among them unfortunate Sindbad. Those bales belonged to him, and I am refolved to trade with them, until I meet with some of his family, to whom I may return the profit. Captain, fays I, I am that Sindbad whom you thought to be dead, and those bales are mine. When the captain heard me speak thus: " O " heaven, fays he, who can we ever trust now a " days, there is no faith left among men. I faw " Sindbad perish with my own eyes, and the " passengers on board saw it as well as I, & yet " you tell me that you are Sindbad; what in" pudence is this? To look on you, one would take you to be a man of probity, and yet you tell a horrible falshood, in order to possess yourself of what does not belong to you."— Have patience, captain, replied I, do me the favour to hear what I have to say."—" Very well, says he, speak, I am ready to hear you." Then I told him how I escaped, and by what adventure I met with the grooms of King Mihrage, who brought me to his court.

He began to abate of his confidence upon my discourse, and was soon persuaded that I was no cheat: for there came people from his ship, who knew me, made me great compliments, and testified a great deal of joy to see me alive. At last he knew me himself, and embracing me, "Heaven be praised, says he, for your happy see scape, I cannot enough express my joy for it: there are your goods, take and do with them what you will." I thanked him acknowledged hi probity, and in requital, offered

him part of my goods as a prefent, which he

generously refused.

I took out what was most valuable in my bales and presented it to King Mihrage, who, knowing my misfortune, asked me how I came by such rarities? I acquainted him with the whole story: he was mightly pleased at my good luck, accepted my prefent, and gave me one much more confiderable in return. Upon this I took leave of him, and went on board the same ship, after I had exchanged my goods with the commodities of that country. I carried with me wood of aloes, fanders, camphire, nutmegs, cloves, pepper, and ginger. We passed by several islands, and at last arrived at Balfora, from whence I came to Bagdad, with the value of 100,000 fequins., My family and I received one another with all the transports that can happen from true and fincere friendship. I bought flaves of both fexes, fine lands, and built

me a great house. And thus I settled myself, resolving to forget the miseries I had suffered, and to enjoy the pleasures of life.



THE

SECOND VOYAGE

OF

SINBAD

THE

SAILOR.

Designed, after my first voyage, to spend the rest of my days at Bagdad; but it was not long ere I grew weary of an idle life. My inclination to trade revived. I bought goods proper for the commerce I designed, and put to sea a second time with merchants of known probity. We embarked on board a good ship, and, after recommending ourselves to God, set sail: we traded from island to island, and exchanged com-

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modities with great profit. One day we landed in an ifle covered with several forts of fruit-trees, but so defert, that we could neither see man nor horse upon it. We went to take a little fresh air in the meadows, and along the streams that watered them. Whilft fome diverted themselves with gathering flowers, and others with gathering fruits, I took my wine and provisions, and fat down by a stream betwixt two great trees, which formed a curious shade. I made a very good meal, and afterwards fell afleep. I cannot tell how long I flept; but when I waked the ship was gone.

I was very much surprized to find the ship gone; I got up, looked about every where, and could not see one of the merchants who landed with me. At last I perceived the ship under sail; but at such a distance, that I lost sight of her in a very little time.

I leave you to guess at my melancholy reflections in this sad condition: I was like to die of grief; I cried out sadly; I beat my head and breast, and threw myself down upon the ground-where I lay a long time in a terrible agony, one afflicting thought succeeding another more afflicting. I upbraided myself an hundred times, for not being content with the product of my first voyage, that might very well have served me all my life. But all this was in vain, and my repentance out of season.

At last I refigned myself to the will of God; and not knowing what to do, I climbed up to the top of a great tree, from whence I looked about on all sides, to see if there were any thing that could give me hopes. When I looked towards the sea, I could see nothing but sky and water; but, looking towards the land, I saw something white; and coming down from the tree, I took up what provisions I had lest, and went towards, it, the distance being so great, that I could not distinguish what it was.

When I came nearer, I thought it to be a white bowl, of a prodigious height and bigness; and when I came up to it, I touched it, and

found it to be very smooth. I went round to see if it was open on any side, but saw it was not, and that there was no climbing up to the top of it, it was so smooth. It was at least 50 paces round.

By this time the fun was ready to fet, and all of a fudden the sky became as dark as if it had been covered with a thick cloud. I was much astonished at this sudden darkness, but much more when I found it was occasioned by a bird of a monstrous fize, that came flying towards me. I remembered a fowl called Roc, that I had often heard mariners speak of, and conceived that the great bowl, which I fo much admired, must needs be its egg. In short, the bird lighted and fat over the egg to hatch it. As I perceived her coming I crept close to the egg, fo that I had before me one of the legs of the bird, that was as big as the trunk of a tree; I tied myself strongly to it with the cloth that went round my turban, in hopes that when the roc flew away the next morning, she would carry me with her out of this defart island. And after having, passed the night in this condition the bird actually slew away next morning, as soon as it was day, and carried me so high that I could not see the earth; she afterwards descended all of a sudden with so much rapidity, that I lost my senses. But when the roc was sat, and that I found myself on the ground, I speedily untied the knot, and had scarce done, when the bird, having taken up a serpent of a monstrous length in her bill, slew strait away.

The place where it left me was a very deep valley, encompassed on all sides with mountains so high, that they seemed to reach above the clouds, and so full of steep rocks, that there was no possibility to get out of the valley. This was a new perplexity upon me; so that when I compared this place with the desart island the roc brought me from, I found that I gained nothing by the change.

As I walked through this valley, I perceived it was strewed with diamonds, some of which were of a furprifing bignefs. I took a great deal of pleasure to look upon them; but speedily faw at a distance such objects as very much diminished my satisfaction, and which I could not look upon without terror; that was a great number of serpents, so big, and so long, that the least of them was capable of swallowing an elephant. They retired in the day-time to their dens, where they hid themselves from the roc, their enemy, and did not come out but in the night-time.

I spent the day in walking about the valley, resting myself at times in such palaces as I thought most commodious. When night came on, I went into a cave, where I thought I might be in safety; I stopped the mouth of it, which was low and strait, with a great stone to preserve me from the streents; but not so exactly sitted as to hinder light from coming in. I supped on part of my provisions; but the serpents, which began to appear, hissing about in the mean time, put me into such extreme fear, that you may easily

imagine I did not fleep. When day appeared, the ferpents retired, and I came out of the cave trembling; I can juftly fay, that I walked a long time upon diamonds, without having a mind to touch any of them. At last I fat down, and notwithstanding my uneafiness, and not having shut my eyes during the night, I fell asleep, after having eat a little more of my provisions. But I had scarce shut my eyes, when something, that fell by me with a great noise, awaked me, and that was a great piece of fresh meat; and at the same time I saw several others fall down from the rocks in different places.

I always looked upon it to be a fable, when I heard mariners and others discourse of the valley of diamonds, and of the stratagem made use of by some merchants to get jewels from thence, but then I sound it to be true. For, in reality, those merchants come to the neighbourhood of this valley, when the eagles have young ones, and throwing great joints of meat into this valley, the diamonds, upon whose points they fall,

flick to them; the eagles, which are stronger in this country than any where elfe, fall down with great force upon those pieces of meat, and carry them to their nests upon the top of the rocks, to feed their young eagles with; at which time the merchants, running to their nests, frighten the eagles by their noise, and take away the diamonds which stick to the meat. And this stratagem they make use of to get the diamonds out of the valley, which is furrounded with fuch precipices that nobody can enter it.

I believed ever till then, that it was not poffible for me to get out of this abyss, which I looked upon as my grave; but then I changed my mind; for the falling in of those pieces of meat, put me in hopes of a way of faving my life.

I began to gather together the greatest diamonds that I could fee, and put them into the leather bag where I used to carry my provisions. I afterwards took the largest piece of meat I could find, tied it close round me with the cloth of my turban, and then laid myself upon the ground, with my face downward, the bag of diamonds being tied fast to my girdle, that it could

not possibly drop off.

I had scarce laid me down, till the eagles came, each of them feized a piece of meat, and one of the strongest having taken me up, with the piece of meat on my back, carried me to his nest on the top of the mountain. The merchants fell straightway a shouting to frighten the eagles; and when they had obliged them to quit their prey, one of them came up to the nest where I was : he was very much afraid when he faw me; but recovering himself, instead of enquiring how I came thither, he began to quarrel with me, and asked why I stole his goods. "You will treat me, replied I, with more civi-" lity, when you know me better. Don't trou-" ble yourfelf, I have diamonds enough for you " and me too, more than all the other merchants " together. If they have any, it is by chance; 66 but I chose for myself, in the bottom of the "valley, all those which you see in this bag;" and having spoke those words, I shewed them to him. I had scarce done speaking, when the other merchants came trooping about us, very much astonished to see me, but they were much more surprized when I told them my story; yet they did not so much admire my stratagem to

fave myself, as my courage to attempt it.

They carried me to the place where they staid all together, and there having opened my bag, they were furprifed at the largeness of my diamonds, and confessed, that in 'all the courts where they had been, they never faw any, that came near them. I prayed the merchant to whom the nest belonged whither I was carried, for every merchant had his own, to take as many for his share as he pleased: he contented himfelf with one, and that too the least of them; and when I preffed him to take more, without fear of doing me any injury, " No fays he, I " am very well fatisfied with this, which is va" luable enough to fave me the trouble of mak" ing any more voyages, to raife as great a for" tune as I defire"

I spent the night with those merchants, to whom I told my story a second time, for the fatisfaction of those who had not heard it. I could not moderate my joy, when I sound myself delivered from the danger I have mentioned; I thought myself to be in a dream, and could scarce believe myself to be out of hazard.

The merchants had thrown their pieces of meat into the valley for several days. And each of them been satisfied with the diamonds that had fallen to his lot, we lest the place next morning all together, and travelled near high mountains, where there were serpents of a prodigious length, which we had the good fortune to escape. We took the first port we came at, and came to the isle of Roha, where the trees grow that yield camphire. This tree is so large and its branches so thick, that soo men may easily fit under its shade. The juice of which the

camphire is made, runs out from a hole bored in the upper part of the tree, is received in a yaffel, where it grows to a confiftency, and becomes what we call camphire; and the Juice thus drawn out, the tree withers and dies.

There is in this island the rhinoceros, a creature less than the elephant, but greater than a buffalo; they have a horn upon their nofe, about a cubit long; this horn is folid, and cleft in the middle from one end to the other, and there is upon it white draughts, reprefenting the figure of a man. The rhinoceros fights with the elephant, runs his horn into his belly, and carries him off upon his head : but the blood and the fat of the elephant running into his eyes, and making him blind, he falls to the ground; and that which is aftonishing, the roc comes and carries them both away in her claws, to be meat for her young ones.

I pass over many other things peculiar to this island, lest I should be troublesome to you. Here I exchanged some of my diamonds for

good merchandife. From thence we went to other ides, and at last, having touched at several trading towns of the firm land, we landed at Balfora; from whence I went to Bagdad. There I immediately gave great alms to the poor, and lived honourably upon the vast riches I had brought, and gained with so much satigue.



THE

THIRD VOYAGE

OF

SINDBAD

THE

SAILOR.

foon made me forget the risques I had run in my two former voyages; but being then in the flower of my age, I grew weary of living without bushess, and hardening myself against the thought of any danger I might incur, I went from Bagdad with the richest commodities of the country of Balsora. There I embarked again with other merchants. We made a long navi-

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gation, and touched at feveral ports, with which wedrove a confiderable commerce. One day being out in the main ocean, we were attacked by a horrible tempest, which made us lose our course.

The tempest continued several days, and brought us before the port of an island, where the captain was very unwilling to enter, but we were obliged to cast anchor there. When we had furled our fails, the captain told us, that this, and some other neighbouring islands, were inhabited by hairy savages who would speedily atack us; and, though they were but dwarfs, yet our missortune was such, that we must make no resistance, for they were more in number than the locusts; and if we happened to kill one of them, they would all fall upon us and destroy us.

This discourse of the captain put the whole equipage into a great consternation, and we found very soon to our cost, that what he told us was but too true. An innumerable multitude of frightful savages, covered all over with red hair and about two foot high, came swimming to-

wards us, and encompassed our ship in a little time. They spoke to us as they came near, but we understood not their language; they climbed up the fides of the ship with so much agility as furprized us. We beheld all this with a mortal fear, without daring to offer at defending ourfelves, or to speak one word to divert them from their mischievous design. In short, they took down our fails, cut the cable, and hauling to the shore, made us all get out, and afterwards carried the ship into another island, from whence they came. All travellers carefully avoided that island, where they left, us, it being very dangerous to stay there, for a reason you shall hear anon, but we were forced to bear our affliction with patience.

We went forward into the island, where we found some fruits and herbs to prolong our lives as long as we could; but we expected nothing but death. As we went on, we perceived at a distance a great pile of building, and made towards it. We found it to be a palace well built

& very high, with a gate of ebony of two leaves which we thrust open. On entering the court, we saw before us a vast apartment, with a porch, having on one side a heap of men's bones, and on the other, a vast number of roasting spits. We trembled at this spectacle, and being weary with travelling, our legs sailed under us, we fell to the ground, being seized with a mortal fear, and

lay along time immoveable.

The fun was fet, and whilst we were in this lamentable condition just now mentioned, the gate of the apartment opened with a great noise, and there came out the horrible figure of a black man, as high as a tall palm-tree. He had but one eye, and that in the middle of his forehead, where it looked as red as a burning coal. His fore-teeth were very long and sharp, and came without his mouth, which was as deep as that of a horse. His upper lip hung down upon his breast, his ears resembled those of an elephant, and covered his shoulders; and his nails were as long and crooked as the talons of the greatest birds. At

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the fight of fo frightful a giant, we lost all sense, and lay men dead.

At last we came to ourselves, and saw him sitting in the porch looking at us; when he had considered us well, he advanced towards us, and, laying his hand upon me, he took me up by the nape of my neck, and turned me round as a butcher would do a sheep's-head; after having viewed me well, and perceiving me to be fo lean that I had nothing but skin and bone, he let me go. He took up all the rest, one by one, viewed them in the same manner, and the captain being the fattest, he held him with one hand, as I would do a sparrow, and thrusting a spit thro' him, kindled a great fire, roasted, and ate him in his apartment for his fupper; which being done, he returned to his porch, where he lay and fell asleep, snoring louder than thunder : he slept thus till the morning; for our part, it is not possible for us to enjoy any rest, so that we pasfed the night in the most cruel fear that can be

imagined. Day being come, the giant awaked got up, went out, and left us in the palace.

When we thought him at a distance, then we broke the melancholy filence we had kept all night, and every one grieving more than another, we made the palace to resound with our complaint and groans. Though there was a great many of us, and that we had but one enemy, we had not at first the presence of mind to think of delivering ourselves from him by his death. This enterprize however, though hard to put in execution, was the only design we ought naturally to have formed.

We thought upon feveral other things, but determined nothing; so that submitting to what it should please God to order concerning us, we spent the day in running about the island, for fruits and herbs to sustain our lives. When evening came, we sought for a place to lie in, but sound none; so that we were forced, whether we would or not, to return to the palace.

The giant failed not to come back, and sup-

ped once more upon one of our companions; after which he flept, and fnored till day, and then went out and left us as formerly. Our condition was fo very terrible, that feveral of my comrades defigned to throw themselves into the sea, rather than die so strange a death; and those who were of this mind, argued with the rest to follow their example. Upon which, one of the company answered, that we were forbid to destroy ourfelves; but, allowing it to be lawful, it was more reasonable to think of a way to rid ourselves of the barbarous tyrant, who defigned fo cruel a death for us.

Having thought of a project for that end, I communicated the fame to my comrades, who improved it. "Brethren, faid I, you know there is a great deal of timber floating upon the coaft; if you will be advised by me, let us make several floats of it that may carry us, and when they are done, leave them there till we think fit to make use of them. In the mean time, we will execute the design to deliver ourselves

"from the giant, and if it fucceed, we may flay here with patience till fome ship pass by, that may carry us out of this fatal island; but if it happen to miscarry, we will speedily get

"if it happen to miscarry, we will speedily get to our floats, and put to sea. I confess, that by exposing ourselves to the sury of the waves

"we run a rifk of lofing our lives; but if we do, is it not better to be buried in the fea, than in the entrails of this monster, who has alrea-

"in the entrails of this monster, who has alreadevoured two of us?" My advice was relished, and we made floats capable of carrying three perfons each.

We returned to the palace towards the evening, and the giant arrived a little while after. We were forced to conclude on feeing another of our comrades roafted. But at last revenged ourselves on the brutish giant thus. After he had made an end of his cursed supper, he lay down on his back, and fell asleep. As soon as we heard him snore, according to his custom nine of the boldest among us, and myself, took each of us a spit and putting the points of them

into the fire till they were burning hot, we thrust them into his eye all at once, and blinded him. The pain occasioned him to make a frightful cry, and to get up and stretch out his hands, in order to facrifice some of us to his rage; but we ran to such places as he could not find us, and after having sought for us in vain, he groped for the gate, and went our howling dreadfully.

We went out of the palace after the giant, and came to the shore, where we had left our floats, and put them immediately into the fea. We waited till day, in order to get upon them in case the giant came towards us with any guide of his own species; but we hoped if he did not appear by fun-rising, and gave over his howling, which we still heard, that he would die; and if that happened to be the case, we resolved to stay in that island, and not to risk our lives upon the floats; but day had scarce appeared, till we perceived our cruel enemy, accompanied with two others almost of the same size. leading him; & a great number more coming before him, with a

very quick pace.

When we faw this, we made no delay, but got immediately upon our floats, and rowed off from the shore. The Giants, who perceived this, took up great stones, and running to the shore, entered the water up to the middle, and threw fo exactly, that they funk all the floats but that I was upon, and all my comrades, except the two with me, were drowned. We rowed with all our might, and got out of the reach of the giants. But when we got out to fea, we were exposed to the mercy of the waves and winds, and toffed about fometimes on one fide, and fometimes on another, and spent that night and the following day under a cruel uncertainty, as to our fate; but next morning we had the good luck to be thrown upon an island, where we landed with much joy. We found excellent fruit there, that gave us great relief, so that we pretty well recovered our strength.

In the evening we fell afleep on the bank of

the fea, but were awaked by the noise of a ferpent as long as a palm-tree, whose scales made a rustling as he crept along. He swallowed up one of my comrades, notwithstanding his loud cries, and the efforts he made to ridhimfelf from the ferpent; which, after flaking him feveral times against the ground, crushed him, and we could hear him gnaw and tear the poor wretch's bones, when we had fled at a great diftance from him. Next day we faw the ferpent again, to our great terror, when I cried out, "O heaven, to what dangers are we exposed! "We rejoiced vesterday at our having escaped

" from the cruelty of a giant, and the rage of " the waves, and now we are fallen into danger

" altogether as terrible".

As we walked about, we faw a large tall tree, upon which we defigned to pass the following night for our fecurity; and, having fatished our hunger with fruit we mounted it accordingly. A little while after, the ferpent came hiffing to the root of the tree, raifed itself up against the

trunk of it, and meeting with my comrade, who fat lower than I, swallowed him at once and went off.

I staid upon the tree till it was day and then came down, more like a dead man, than one alive, expecting the same fate with my two companions. This filled me with horror, fo that I was going to throw myfelf into the fea; but nature prompting us to a defire to live as long as we can, I withstood this temptation to despair, and fubmitted myfelf to the will of God, who disposes of our lives at his pleasure.

In the mean time I gathered together a great quantity of small wood, brambles, & dry thorns, and making them up in faggots, made a circle with them round the tree, and I also tied some to the branches over my head. Having done thus, when the evening came, I shut myself up within this circle, in order to preserve myself from the cruel destiny with which it was threatened., The ferpent failed not to come at the usual hour, and went round the tree, feeking for an opportunity to devour me, but was prevented by the rampart I had made; so that he sat till day and then retired, but I dared not to leave my fort until the sun rose.

I was so fatigued with the toil the serpent had put me to, and suffered so much from his poisonous breath, that death seemed more eligible to me than the horror of such a condition. I came down from the tree; and, not thinking on the resignation I had made to the will of God the preceeding day, I ran toward the sea, with a

defign to throw myfelf into it headlong.

God, however, took compassion on my desperate state: for just as I was going to throw myself into the sea, I perceived a ship at a considerable distance. I called as loud as I could, and taking the linen from my turban, displayed it, that they might observe me. This had the desired effect, all the crew perceived me, and the captain sent me his long-boat. As soon as I came aboard, the merchants and seamen flocked about me, to know how I came into that desart

me, the oldest among them told me, they had

feveral times heard of the giants who dwelt in that island that they were cannibals, and eat men raw as well as roafted; and as to the ferpents, they added, that there were abundance in the ifle that hid themselves by day, and came abroad at night. After having testified their joy at my escaping so many dangers, they brought me the best of what they had to eat; and the captain, feeing that I was all in rags, was fo generous as to give me one of his own fuits. We were at fea for fome time, touched at feveral islands, and at last landed at that of Salabat, where there grows fanders, a wood of great use in physic. We entered the port, and came to an anchor the merchants began to unload their goods, in order to fe'l or exchange them. In the mean time the captain called to me and faid, " Brother, I have here a parcel of goods that " belonged to a merchant, who failed fome

" time on board this ship, and he being dead,

"I defign to dispose of them for the benefit of his heirs, when I know them." The bales he spoke of lay on the deck. and shewing them to me, he says, "There are the goods. I hope you will take care to sell them, and you shall the sactorage." I thanked him that he gave me an opportunity of employing myself, because I hated to be idle.

The clerk of the ship took an account of all the bales, with the names of the merchants to whom they belonged. And when he asked the captain in whose name he should enter those he gave me the charge of; " Enter them, fays the " captain, in the name of Sindbad the Sailor." I could not hear myself named without some emotion, and looking stedfastly on the captain, I knew him to be the person, who, in my second voyage, had left me in the island where I fell afleep by a brook, & fet fail without me, or fending to feek for me. But I could not remember him at first, he was so much altered since I saw him.

And as for him who believed me to be dead, I could not wonder at his not knowing me. " But " Captain, fays I, was the merchant's name, to " whom those bales belonged, Sindbad? Yes, " replied he, that was his name; he came from " Bagdad, and embarked on board my ship at " Balfora. One day, when we landed at an i-" fland to take in water and other refreshments, " I know not by what mistake, I set sail without observing that he did not reimbark with " us; neither I nor the merchants perceived it " till four hours after. We had the wind in our " ftern, and so fresh a gale, that it was not pos-" fible for us to tack-about for him. " You " believe him then to be dead," fays I, " certain!y," answers he. "No Captain, says I, co look upon me, and you may know that I am " Sindbad, whom you left in that defart island; " I fell afleep by a brook, and when I awaked, " I found all the company gone."

The Captain, having looked at me attentively, knew me at last, embraced me, and said, "God be praifed that Fortune has supplied my defect. There are your goods, which I always took care to preserve; and to make the best of them at every port where I touched. I restore them to you with the profit I have made of them." I took them from him, and at the same time acknowledged how much I

owed to him.

From the isle of Salabat we went to another, where I furnished myself with cloves, cinnamon, and other spices. As we failed from that island we faw a tortoife that was 20 cubits in length and breadth. We observed also, a fish which looked like a cow, and gave milk, and its skin is fo hard, that they usually make bucklers of it. I faw another which had the shape and colour of a camel. In fhort, after a long voyage, I arrived at Balfora, and from thence returned to Bagdad, with fo much riches, that I knew not what I had. I gave a great deal of alms to the poor, and bought another great estate to what I had already.



FOURTH VOYAGE

OF

SINDBAD

THE

SAILOR.

THE pleasures I took after my third voyage, had not charms enough to divert me from another. I was again prevailed upon by my paffion for traffick, and curiofity to fee new things, I therefore put my affairs in order, and having provided a flock of goods fit for the places where I defigned to trade, I fet out on my journey, I took the way of Persia, of which I travelled several provinces, and then arrived at a port where

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I embarked. We fet fail, and having touched at feveral ports of Terra Firma, and fome of the eastern islands, we put out to sea, and were seized by such a sudden gust of wind, as obliged the captain to sure his fails, and to make all other necessary precautions to prevent the danger that threatened us. But all was in vain, our endeavours took no effect, the fails were tore in a thousand pieces, and the ship was stranded, so that a great many of the merchants and seamen were drowned, and the cargo lost.

I had the good fortune, with feveral of the merchants and mariners, to get a plank, and we were carried by the current to an island which lay before us. There we found fruit and fountain-water, which preserved our lives. We staid all night a-shore, without consulting what we should do, our misfortune had dispirited us so much.

Next morning, as foon as the fun was up, we walked from the shore, and advancing into the islands, faw some houses, to which we went;

and as foon as we came thither, we were encompassed by a great number of blacks, who seized us, shared us, among them, and carried us to their respective habitations.

I and five of my comrades were carried to one place; they made us fit down immediately, and gave us a certain herb, which they made figns for us to eat. My comrades not taking notice that the blacks ate none of it themselves consulting only the satisfying of their own hunger, sell to eating with greedines. But I suspecting fome trick, would not so much as taste it, which happened well for me; for in a little time after, I perceived my companions had lost their senses, and that when they spoke to me, they knew not what they said.

The blacks fed us afterwards with rice, prepared with oil of cocoas, & my comrades who had loft their reason, eat of it greedily. I eat of it also, but very sparingly. The blacks gave us that herb at first on purpose to deprive us of our senses, that we might not be aware of the sad destiny prepared for us; and they gave us it on purpose to fatten us : for, being canibals, their defign was to cat us as foon as we grew fat. They did accordingly eat my comrades who were not fensible of their condition; but my fenses being intire, you may easily guess that inflead of growing fat, as the rest did, I grew leaner every day. The fear of death, under which I laboured, turned all my food into poifon, I fell into a languishing distemper, which proved my fafety; for the blacks, having killed and eat up my companions, feeing me to be withered, lean and fick, deferred my death till another time.

Mean while, I had a great deal of liberty, fo that there was scarceany notice taken of what I did, and this gave me an opportunity one day to get at a distance from the houses, and to make my escape. An old man, who saw me and suspected my design, called to me as loud as he could to return; but instead of obeying him I redoubled my pace, and quickly got out of sight.

At that time there was none but the old man about the houses, the rest being abroad and not to come home till night, which was pretty usual with them. Therefore, being fure that they could not come time enough to pursue me, I went on till night, then I stopt to rest a little, and to eat some of the provisions I had taken care for; but I speedily set forward again and travelled feven days, avoiding those places which feemed to be inhabited, and lived for the most part upon cocoa-nuts, which ferved me both for meat and drink. On the eighth day I came near the fea, and faw all of a fudden white people like myself, gathering of pepper of which there was great plenty in that place; this I took to be a good omen, and went to them without any scruple.

The people who gathered pepper came to meet me as foon as they faw me, and afked me in Arabic who I was, and whence I came? I was over-joyed to hear them speak in my own language, and willingly satisfied their curiosity

by giving them an account of my ship-wreck, and how I fell into the hands of the blacks, Those blacks, replied they, eat men, and by what miracle did you escape their cruelty? I told them the same story I now tell you, at which they were wonderfully surprized.

I staid with them till they had gathered their quantity of pepper, and then sailed with them to the illand from whence they came. They presented me to their king, who was a good prince, he had the patience to hear the relation of my adventure, which surprized him; and he afterwards gave me clothes, and commanded care to be taken of me.

The island was very well peopled, plentiful of every thing, and the capital was a place of great trade. This agreeable place of retreat was very comfortable to me after my misfortune, and the kindness of this generous prince towards me compleated my satisfaction. In a word, there was not a person more in favour with him than myself, and in consequence every man in court

and city fought how to oblige me; fo that in a very little time I was looked upon rather as a native than a stranger.

I observed one thing which to me looked very extraordinary; all the people, the king himself not excepted, rode their horses without bridle or stirrups. This made me one day take the liberty to ask the king how that came to pass? His majesty answered, that I talked to him of things which nobody knew the use of in his dominions.

I went immediately to a workman, and gave him a model for making the flock of a faddle. When that was done, I covered it with leather, and embroidered it with gold. I afterwards went to a lockfmith, who made me a bitt according to the pattern I flhewed him, and then he made also some firrups. When I had done, I prefented them to the king and put them upon one of his horses. His majesty mounted immediately, and was so mightly pleased with them, that he testified his saussaction by large presents to

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me. I could not avoid making feveral others for his ministers and principal officers of his houf-hold, who all of them made me presents that enriched me in a little time. I also made for the people of best quality in the city, which gained me great reputation and regard from every body.

As I made my court very exactly to the king

he favs to me one day, " Sindbad, I love thee, " and all my fubjects who know thee treat thee " according to my example. I have one thing " to demand of thee, which thou must grant." " Sir, answered I, there is nothing but what I " will do, as a mark of my obedience to your " majesty, whose power over me is absolute." " I have a mind that thou should'st marry, re-" plies he, that fo thou may'ft ftay in my domi-" nions, and think no more of thy own coun-" try." I dared not to refift the prince's will, and so he gave me one of the ladies of his court, a noble, beautiful, chaste, and rich lady. The ceremonies of marriage being over, I went and dwelt with the lady, and for fome time we lived together in perfect harmony. I was not, however very well fatisfied with my condition, and therefore defigned to make my escape on the first occasion, and to return to Bagdad; which my present settlement, how advantageous soever, could not make me forget.

While I was thinking on this, the wife of

tracted a very strict friendship, fell sick and died. I went to see and comfort him in his affliction, and finding him fwallowed up with forrow; I faid to him as foon as I faw him, " God pre-" ferve you, and grant you a long life." " A-" las ! replies he, how do you think I should "obtain that favour you wish me? I have not above an hour to live." "Pray, says I,

one of my neighbours, with whom I had con-

"don't entertain fuch a melancholy thought, " I hope it will not be fo, but that I shall en-" joy your company for many years." " I " wish you, fays he, a long life; but for me,

" my days are at an end, for I must be buried

"this day with my wife. This is a law which our ancestors established in this island, and always observed it inviolably. The living husband is interred with the dead wife, and the
living wife with the dead husband. Nothing
can saveme, every one must submit to this

While he was entertaining me with an account of this barbarous custom, the very hearing of which frightened me cruelly, his kindred, friends, and neighbours came in a body to affift a the funeral. They put on the corps the woman's richest apparel, as if it had been her weddingday, and dressed her with all her jewels, then they put her into an open coffin, and lifting it up, began their march to the place of burial, The husband walked at the head of the company and followed the corps. They went up to a high mountain, and when they came thither, took up a great stone which covered the mouth of a very deep pit, and let down the corps with all its apparel and jewels. Then the husband, embracing

his kindred and friends, fuffered himself to be put into another open coshin without resistance, with a pot of water, and seven little loves, and was let down in the same manner they let down his wife. The mountain was pretty long, and reached to the sea. The ceremony being over they covered the hole again with the stone and returned.

It is needless for me to tell you, that I was the only melancholy spectator of this funeral. whereas the reft were scarcely moved at it, the thing was fo customary to them. I could not forbear speaking my thoughts of this matter to the king: "Sir, says I, I cannot enough ex"press my wonder at the strange custom in this country, of burying the living with the dead "I have been a great traveller, and feen many " countries, but never heard of so cruel a law." "What do you mean, Sindbad, fays the king, it is a common law? I shall be interred with " the queen, my wife, if she die first," " But " Sir, fays I, may I prefume to demand of your. " majefty, if strangers be obliged to observe this law?" "Without doubt, replied the king (smiling at the occasion, of my question,) they are not excepted if they be married in this

" island."

I went home very melancholy at this answer; for the fear of my wife's dying first, and that I should be interred alive with her, occasioned me to have very mortifying reflections. But there was no remedy, I must have patience, and submit to the will of God. I trembled however at every little indisposition of my wife; but alas! in a short time my fears came upon me all at once, for she fell sick and died in a few days.

To be interred alive, feemed to me as deplorable an end, as to be devoured by canibals. But I must submit, the king and all his court would honour the funeral with their presence, and the most considerable people of the city did the like. When all was ready for the ceremony the corpse was put into a coffin with all her jewels and magnificent apparel. The cavalcade was

begun, and as fecond actor of this doleful tragedy, I went next the corpse, with my eyes full of tears bewailing my deplorable fate. Before I came to the mountain, I addressed myself to the king in the first place, and then to all those who were round me, and bowing before them to the earth, to kifs the border of their garments, I prayed them to have compassion upon me, " Confider, faid I, that I am a stranger, and " ought not to be subject to this rigorous law, " and that I have another wife and children in " my own country." It was to no purpose for me to speak thus, no foul was moved at it; on the contrary, they made hafte to let down my wife's corpfe into the pit, and put me down the next moment in an open coffin, with a vessel full of water, and feven loaves. In short the fatal ceremony being performed they covered up the mouth of the pit, notwithstanding the excess of my grief, and my lamentable cries.

As I came near the bottom, I discovered, by help of the little light that came from above the

nature of this fubterranean place; it was a vast long cave, and might be about 50 fathom deep. I immediately finelt an infufferable stench, proceeding from the multitude of dead corpfes, which I faw on the right and left; nay, I fancied that I heard some of them figh out their last. However, when I got down, I immediately left my coffin, and getting at a distance from the corpse, held my note, and lay down upon the ground, where I staid a long time bathed in tears. Then reflecting on my fad lot, " It is true, faid I. " that God disposes all things according to the " decrees of his providence; but, poor Sindbad, " art not thou thyself the cause of thy being " brought to die fo strange a death? Would to "God thou hadft perished in some of those tem-" pests which thou hadst escaped! Then thy " death had not been fo lingering, and terrible in all its circumstances. But thou hast drawn " all this upon thyfelf by thy curfed avarice. "Ah! unfortunate wretch! Shouldst thou not

" rather have staid at home, and quietly enjoyed the fruit of thy labour."

Though the darkness of the cave was so great that I could not distinguish day and night, yet I always sound my cossin again, and the cave seemed to be more spacious, and fuller of corpses than itappeared to me at first. I lived for some days upon my bread and water, which being all spent at last I prepared for death.

As I was thinking of death, I heard the stone lifted up from the mouth of the cave, and immediately the corps of a man was let down. When men are reduced to extremities, it is natural for them to come to extreme resolutions. While they let down the woman, I approached the place where her coffin was to be put, and as foon as I perceived they were covering again the mouth of the cave, I gave the unfortune wretch two or three great blows over the head, with a bone that I found; which stunned, or, to say the truth, killed her. I committed this inhuman action merely for the fake of the bread and water that was in her coffin, and thus I had provifions for fome days more. When that was fpent, they let down another dead woman, and a live man; I killed the man in the fame manner; and, as good luck would have it for me, there was then a fort of morality in the town, fo that by this means I did not want for provisions.

One day, as I had dispatched another woman,

I heard fomething walking, and blowing or panting as it walked. I advanced towards that fide from whence I heard the noife, and upon my approach the thing puffed and blew harder, as if it had been running away from me. I followed the noife, and the thing feemed to ftop fometimes, but always fled and blew as I approached. I followed it fo long, and fo far, till at laft I perceived a light, refembling a flar; I went on towards that light, and fometimes loft fight of it, but always found it again, and at laft discovered that it came thro' a hole in the rock,

large enough for a man to get out at.

Upon this, I flopt fome time to rest myself, being much fatigued with pursuing this discove-

ry so fast: afterwards coming up to the hole, I went out at it, and found myself upon the sea. I leave you to guess at the excess of my joy; it was such that I could scaree persuade myself of its being real.

But when I was recovered from my furprize, and convinced of the truth of the matter, I found the thing which I had followed, and heard puff and blow, to be a creature which came out of the fea, and was accustomed to enter at that hole to feed upon dead carcases.

I confidered the mountain, and perceived it to be fituated betwixt the fea and the town, but without any passage or way to communicate with the latter, the rocks on the side of the sea, were so rugged and steep. I fell down upon the shore to thank God for his mercy, and afterwards entered the cave again to setch bread and water, which I did eat by day-light with a better appetite than I had done since my interment in the dark hole.

I returned thither again, and groped about a-

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mong the biers for all the diamonds, rubies, pearls, gold, bracelets, and rich stuffs I could find; these I brought to the shore, and tying them up neatly into bales, with the cords that let down the cossins, I laid them together upon the bank, waiting till some ship passed, by, without any fear of rain, for it was not then the season.

After two or three days I perceived a ship that had but just come out of the harbour, and passed near the place where I was. I made a fign with the linen of my turban, & called to them as loud as I could: they heard me, and fent a floop to bring me on board. When the mariners asked by what misfortune I came thither? I told them that I fuffered shipwreck two days ago, and made shift to get ashore with the goods they faw. It was happy for me that those people did not consider the place where I was, nor enquire into the probability of what I told them; but without any more ado, took me on board with my goods. When I came to the ship, the captain was fo well pleafed to have faved me, and fo much taken up with his own affairs, that he also took the story of my pretended shipwreck upon trust, and generously refused some jewels which I offered him.

We passed by several islands, and among others, that called Serendib, with a regular wind, and six leagues from that of Kela, where we landed. This island produces lead-mines, Indian

canes, and excellent camphire.

The king of the ifle of Kela is very rich and potent; and the ifle of Bells, which is about two days journey in extent, is also subject to him. The inhabitants are fo barbarous, that they still eat human flesh. After we had finished our commerce in that ifland, we put to fea again, and touched at several other ports; at last I arrived happily at Bagdad with infinite riches, of which it is needless to trouble you with the detail. Out of thankfulness to God for his mercies, I gave great alms for the entertainment of feveral mosques, and for the subsistence of the poor, and employed myfelf wholly in enjoying my kindred and friends.



FIFTH VOYAGE

OF

SINDBAD

THE

SAILOR.

THE pleasures I enjoyed had again charms enough to make me forget all the troubles ancalamities I had undergone, without curing me of my inclination to make new voyages. Therefore I bought goods, ordered them to be packed up, and loaded, and set out with them for the best sea-port, and there, that I might not be obliged to depend upon a captain, but have a ship at my own command, I staid till

one was built on purpose, at my own charge. When the ship was ready, I went on board with my goods; but not having enough to load her, I took on board me feveral merchants of different nations with their merchandize.

We failed with the first fair wind, and after a long navigation, the first place we touched at was a defart island, where we found an egg of a roc, equal in bigness with that I formerly mentioned. There was a young roc in it just ready to be hatched, and the bill of it began to ap-

pear.

The merchants, whom I had taken on board my ship, and who landed with me, broke the egg with hatchets, and made a hole in it, from whence they pulled out the young roc piece after piece, and roafted it. I had earneftly diffuaded them from meddling with the egg, but they would not listen to me.

Scarce had they made an end of their treat, when there appeared in the air, at a confiderable distance from us, two great clouds. The captain, whom I hired to fail my ship, knowing by experience what it meant, cried that it was the he and she roc that belonged to the young one, and pressed us to reimbark with all speed, to prevent the misfortune which we saw would otherwise befall us, We made haste to do sand set sail with all possible diligence.

In the mean time the two rocs approached with a frightful noife, which they redoubled when they faw the egg broke, and their young one gone. But having a mind to avenge them felves, they flew back towards the place from whence they came, and disappeared for fome time, while we made all the fail we could, to prevent that which unhappily befel us.

They returned, and we observed that each of them carried betwixt their talons, stones, or rather rocks of monstrous size. When they came directly over my ship, they hovered, and one of them let fall a stone, but by the dexterity of the steersman, who immediately turned the ship with the rudder, it missed us, and falling by the

fide of the ship into the sea, divided the water fo, that we almost could fee to the bottom. The other roc, to our misfortune, threw the stone so exactly upon the middle of the ship, that it split in a thousand pices. The mariners and passengers were all killed by the stone, or funk. I myfelf had the last fate; but as I came up again, I catched hold by good fortune of a piece of the wreck, and fwimming fometimes with one hand and fometimes with the other, but always holding fast my board, the wind and tide being for me, I came to an island whose bank was very steep. I overcome that difficulty, however, and got ashore.

I fat down upon the grafs, to recover myfelf a little from my fatigue, after which I got up and went into the island to view it. It feemed to be a delicious garden. I found trees every where, fome of them bearing green, and others ripe fruits, and streams of fresh pure water, with pleasant windings and turnings. I ate of the

fruits, which I found excellent; and drank of the water, which was very pleafant.

Night being come, I lay down upon the grafs, in a place convenient enough, but I could not fleep an hour at a time, my mind was fo difturbed with the fear of being alone in fo defart a place. Thus I spent the best part of the night in fretting, and reproaching myself for my imprudence in not staying at home, rather than undertaking this last voyage. But day-light disperfed those melancholy thoughts, and I got up and walked among the trees, but not without apprehensions of danger.

When I was a little advanced into the island I faw an old man, who to me feemed very weak and feeble. He fat upon the bank of a stream, and at first I took him to be one who had been thipwrecked like myfelf. I went towards him, and faluted him, but he only bowed his head a little. I asked him what he did there, but inflead of answering me, he made a sign for me to take him upon my back, and carry him over

the brook, fignifying that it was to gather fruit. I believed him really to stand in need of my help, fortook him upon my back, and having carried him over, bid him get down, and for that end I stooped, that he might get off with ease; but instead of that, (which makes me laugh at every time I think on't) the old man, who to me appeared very decrepid, clasped his legs nimbly about my neck, and then I perceived his skin to resemble that of a cow. He sat astride upon my shoulders, and held my throat so strait, that I thought he would have strangled me, the fright of which made me faint away and fall down.

Notwithstanding my fainting, the ill-natured old follow kept fast about my neck, but opened his legs a little to give me time to recover my breath. When I had done so, he thrust one of his seet against my stomach, and struck me so rudely on the side with the other, that he forced me to rise up against my will. Being got up, he made me walk under the trees, and forced me now and then to stop, to gather and cat such

fruit as we found. He never left me all day, and when I lay down to rest me by night, he laid himself down with me, holding always fast about my neck. Every morning he pushed me, to make me awake, and afterwards obliged me to get up and walk, and pressed me with his feet. You may judge then what trouble I was in, to be charged with fuch a burden as I could

no ways rid myself from.

One day I found in my way feveral dry calebashes, that had fallen from a tree; I took a large one, and, after cleaning it, pressed into it fome juice of grapes, which abounded in the island; having filled the calebash, I set it in a convenient place, and coming hither again some days after, I took up my calebash, and setting it to my mouth, found the wine to be fo good, that it made me prefently not only forget my forrow, but I grew fo vigorous, and was fo light-hearted that I began to fing and dance as I walked along.

The old man perceiving the effect which this

drink had upon me, and that I carried him with more ease than I did before, made a sign for me give him some of it. I gave him the calebash and the liquor pleafing his palate, he drank it all off. There being enough of it to fuddle him, he became drunk immediately, and the fumes getting up into his head, he began to fing after his manner, and to dance with his breech upon my shoulders. His jolting about made me vomit, and he loofened his legs from about me by degrees; fo finding that he did not press me as before, I threw him upon the ground, where he lay without motion, and then I took up a great stone, with which I crushed his head to pieces.

I was extremely rejoiced, to be freed thus from this curfed old fellow, and walked upon the bank of the fea, where I met the crew of a ship that had cast anchor, to sake in water and refresh themselves. They were extremely surprized to see me, and to hear the particulars of my adventures. You sell, said they, into the hands of the old man of the sea, and are the first

that ever escaped strangling by him. He never left those he had once made himself master of, till he destroyed them, and he has made this island famous by the number of men he has slain so that the merchants and mariners who landed upon it, dared not to advance into the island, but in numbers together.

After having informed me of those things, they earried me with them to the ship, the captain received me with great satisfaction, when they told him what had befallen me. He put out again to sea, and after some days sail, we arrived at the harbour of a great city, whose

houses were built with good stone.

One of the merchants of the ship, who had taken me into his friendship, obliged me to go along with him, and carried me to a place appointed for a retreat for foreign merchants. He gave me a great bag, and having recommended me to some people of the town, who used to gather cocoas, he desired them to take me with them to do the like; "Go says he, follow

"them, and do as you fee them do, and don't feparate from them, otherwise you endanger your life". Having thus spoke, he gave me provisions for the journey, and I went with them.

We came to a great forest of trees, extremely strait and tall, and their trunks were so smooth, that it was not possible for any man to climb up to the branches, that bore the fruit. All the trees were cocoa-trees, and when we entered the forest we saw a great number of apes of several sizes, that sled as soon as they perceived us, and climbed up to the tops of the trees with surprizing swistness.

The merchants with whom I was, gathered, stones, and threw them at the apes on the tops of the trees. I did the same, and the apes out of revenge threw cocoa-nuts at us as sast, and with such gestures as sufficiently testified their anger and resemble to time threw stones to provoke the apes; so that by this stratagem we filled our

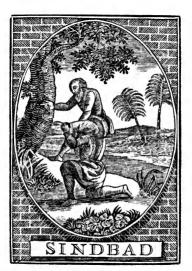
bags with cocoa-nuts, which it had been impoffible for us to have done otherwife.

When we had gathered our number, we returned to the city, where the merchant who sent me to the forest, gave me the value of the cocoas, I brought: "Go on, says he, and do the slike every day until you have got money e-sough to carry you home." I thanked him for his good advice, and insensibly gathered together so many cocoas as mounted to a considerable sum.

The vessel in which I came, sailed with merchants who loaded her with cocoas. I expected the arrival of another, which landed speedily for the like loading. I embarked on board the same all the cocoas that belonged to me and when she was ready to sail, I went and took leave of the merchant, who had been so kind to me; but he could not embark with me, because he had not finished his affairs.

We fet fail towards the island, where peppergrows in great plenty. From thence we went

to the ifle of Comari, where the best fort of wood of aloes grows, and whose inhabitants have made it an inviolable law to themselves, to drink no wine, nor fuffer any place of debauch. I exchanged my cocoas in those two islands, for pepper and wood of aloes, and went with other merchants a pearl-fishing, I hired divers, who fetched me up those that were very large and purc. I embarked joyfully on a veffel that arrived hap-'pily at Balfora; from thence I returned to Bagdad, where I made vast fums of my pepper, wood of aloes and pearls. I gave the tenth of my gain in alms, as I had done upon my return from other voyages, and endeavoured to ease 'myself from my fatigues, by diversions of all forts.



THE

SIXTH VOYAGE

OF

SINDBAD

THE

SAILOR.

I'must appear astonishing, after being shipgers, I could resolve again to try my fortune, and expose myself to new hardships. I am astonished at it myself, when I think on it, and must certainly have been induced to it by my stars. But be that how it will; after a year's rest, I prepared for a sixth voyage, notwithstanding the prayers of my kindred and friends, who did all that was

posible to prevent me.

Instead of taking my way by the Persian gulph I travelled once more thro' feveral provinces of -Persia and the Indies, and arrived at a sea-port, where I embarked on board a ship, the captain of which was refolved on a long voyage.

It was very long indeed, but at the fame time fo unfortunate, that the captain and pilot loft their course, so as they knew not where they were. They found it at last, but we had no ground to rejoice at it. We were all feized with extraordinary fear, when we faw the captain quit his post, and cry out. He threw off his turban, pulled the hair off his beard, and beat his head like a madman. We asked him the reason and he answered, that he was in the most dangerous place of all the fea. A rapid current carries the ship along with it, and we shall all of us perish in less than a quarter of an hour. Pray to God, to deliver us from this danger, we cannot escape it, if he don't take pity on us.

At these words he ordered the fails to be changed,—but all the ropes broke, and the ship, without being possible to help it, was carried by the current to the foot of an unaccessible mountain, where she was run ashore and broke to pieces, yet so as we saved our lives, our provisions, and the best of our goods.

This being over, the captain fays to us, "God has now done what he pleased, we may every man dig our grave here, and bid the world adieu, for we are in so fatal a place, that none significantly their homes again." His discourse afflicted us mortally, and we embraced one another with tears in our eyes

bewailing our deplorable lot.

The mountain at the foot of which we were cast, was the coast of a very long and large island. This coast was covered all over with wrecks, and by the vast number of men's bones we saw every where, and which filled us with horror, we concluded that abundance of people had died there. It is also incredible to tell, what a quan-

tity of goods and riches we found call ashore there. All those objects served only to augment our grief. Whereas in all other places, rivers run from their channels into the fea, here a great river of fresh water runs out of the sea into a dark cave, whose entrance is very high and large. What is most remarkable in this place is, that the stones of the mountain are of chrystal, rubies or other precious stones. Here is also a fort of a fountain of pitch or bitumen, that runs into the fea, which the fishes swallow, and then vomit up again turned into ambergrease; and this the waves throw upon the beach in great quantities. Here grows also trees, most of which are of wood of aloes, equal in goodness to those of Camari.

To finish the description of this place, which may well be called a gulph, since nothing ever returns from it, it is not possible for a ship to get off from it, when once they come within such a distance of it. If they be drove thither by a wind from the sea, the wind and the current ruins

them; & if they come into it when a land wind blows, which might feem to favour their getting out again, the height of the mountain stops the wind and occasions a calm, so that the force of the current runs them ashore, where they are broke in pieces, as ours was; and that which compleats the misfortune, is, that there is no poffibility to get to the top of the mountain, or to get out any manner of way.

We continued upon the shore, like men out of their fenses, and expected death every day. At first we divided our provisions as equally as we could, and fo every one lived a longer or a shorter while, according to their temper, and the use they made of their provisions.

Those who died first were interred by the rest; and as for my part, I paid the last duty to all my companions : nor are you to wonder at this; for I husbanded the provision that fell to my share better than they; yet when I buried the last, I had so little remaining, that I thought I could not hold out any longer. So that I digged a grave, resolving to lie down in it, because there was none left alive to inter me. I must confess to your at the same time, that while I was thus employed, I could not but reflect upon my unconquerable spirit for travelling, as the cause of my own ruin.

But it pleased God once more to take compassion on me, and put in my mind to go to the bank of the river which runs into the great cave, where considering the river with great attention, I said to myself, "This river, which runs thus under ground must come out somewhere or other. If I make a float, and leave myself to the current, Providence may bring me to some inhabited country, where I may, perhaps find some new occasion of enriching myself.

After this, I immediately went to work on a float, I made it of good large pieces of timber and cables, for I had choice of them, and tied them together fo ftrong, that I had made a very folid little float. When I had finished it, I loaded it with fome bales of rubies, emeralds, amber-

grease, roc-crystal, and rich stuffs. Having balanced my cargo exactly, and sastened it well to the float, I went on board it with two little oars that I had made, and leaving it to the course of the river, I resigned myself to the will of God.

As foon as I came into the cave, I lost all light, and the stream carried me I know not whither. Thus I failed some days in perfect darkness, and once found the arch so low, that it well nigh broke my head, which made me very cautious afterwards of avoiding the like danger. All this while I ate nothing but what was just necessary to support nature; yet notwith-standing this frugality, all my provisions were spent. Then a pleasant sleep seized upon me. I cannot tell how long it continued; but which I awaked, I was surprized to find myself in the middle of a vast country, at the brink of a river, where my float was tied, amidst a great number of negroes. I got up as foon as I faw them, and faluted them. They fpoke to me, but I did not understand their language.

One of the blacks who understood Arabic, hearing me speak in that language, came toward me, and faid, "Brother, don't be furprized to " fee us, we are inhabitants of this country, and came hither to-day to water our fields, by dig-" ging little canals from this river, which comes " out of the neighbouring mountain. We per-" ceived fomething floating upon the water, went " fpeedily to fee what it was, and perceiving " your float, one of us fwam into the river and " brought it hither, where we fastened It, as you " fee, until you should awake. Pray tell us your " history, for it must be extraordinary; how did " you venture your felf into this river, and whence do you come?" I begged of them first to give me fomething to eat, and then I would fatisfy their curiofity. They gave me feveral forts of food, and when I had fatisfied my hunger, I gave them a true account of all that had befallen me, which they listened to with admiration. As foon as I had finished my discourse, they told me by the person who spoke Arabic, and interpreted to them what I faid, that it was one of the most furprizing stories they ever heard, and that I must go along with them, and tell it their king myself; the thing was too extraordinary to be told him by any other than the person to whom it happened. I told them I was ready to do whatever they pleased.

They immediately fent for a horse, which was brought them in a little time, and having made me get up upon him, some of them walked before me to shew me the way, and the rest took

my float and cargo, and followed me.

We marched thus altogether, till we came to the city of Serendib, for 'twas in that island where I landed. The blacks presented me to their king, I approached his throne, and saluted him as I used to do the kings of the Indies; that is to say, I prostrated myself at his feet, and kings the earth. The prince ordered me to rise up, received me with an obliging air, and made me come up, and sit down near him. He first asked me my name, and I answered Sindbad the

Sailor, because of the many voyages I had undertaken, and that I was a citizen of Bagdad. "But, replies he, how did you come into my "dominions, and from whence came you last."

I concealed nothing from the king; I told him all that I have now told you, and his majesty was so surprized and charmed with it, that he commanded my adventures to be writ in letters of gold, and laid up in the archives of his kingdom. At last my float was brought him, and the bales opened in his presence; he admired the quantity of wood of aloes, and ambergrease, but above all, the rubies and emeralds, for he had none in his treasury that came near them.

Observing that he looked on my jewels with pleasure, and viewed the most remarkable among them, one after another, I fell prostrate at his feet, and took the liberty to say to him, "Sir, "not only my person is at your majesty's service; but the cargo of the float, and I beg of you to dispose of it as your own" He answered me

with a fmile, " Sindbad, I will take care not to " covet any thing of yours, nor to take any " thing from you that God has given you; far " from leffening your wealth, I defign to aug-"ment it, and will not let you go out of my dominions without marks of my liberality." All the answer I returned was prayers for the prosperity of that prince, and commendations of his generofity and bounty. He charged one of his officers to take care of me, and ordered people to serve me at his own charge. The officer was very faithful in the execution of his orders, and made all the goods to be carried to the lodgings provided for me.

I went every day at a fet hour to make my court to the king, and spent the rest of my time in seeing the city, and what was most worthy of

my curiofity.

The Isle of Screndib is situated just under the equinoctial line; so that the days and night there are always of twelve hours each, and the island

is eighty parasangues in length, and as many in breadth.

The capital city stands in the end of a fine valley, formed by a mountain, in the middle of the island, which is the highest in the world. It is feen three days sail at sea. There are rubies and several forts of minerals in it, and all the rocks for the most part emerald, a metallic stone made use of to cut and smooth other precious stones. There is also a pearl-fishing in the mouth of its river; and in some of its vallies there are found diamonds.

I prayed the King to allow me to return to my country, which he granted me in the most obliging and most knonourable manner. He would needs force a rich present upon me; and when I went to take my leave of him, he gave me one much more considerable, and at the same time charged me with a letter for the Commander of the Faithful our Sovereign Lord, saying to me, I pray you give this present from me, and this letter to Caliph Haroun Alraschid, and

" affure him of my friendship." I took the present and letter in a very respectful manner, and promised his majesty punctually to execute the commands with which he was peased to honour me. Before I embarked, this prince sent to seek for the captain and the merchants that were to go with me, and ordered them to treat me with all possible respect.

The letter from the King of Serendib was wrote on the skin of a certain animal of great value, because of its being so scarce, and of a yellowish colour. The characters of this letter

were of azure, and the contents thus.

The King of the Indies, before whom march 100 Elephants, who lives in a Palace that fhines 100000 Rubies, and who has in his Treasury 20000 Crowns enriched with Diamonds, to Caliph Haroun Alraschid.

THOUGH the Present we send you be inconsiderable, receive it however as a Brother and a

Friend, in consideration of the hearty Frendship which we hear for you, and of which we are willing to give you Proof. We desire the same Part in your Friendship, considering that we believe it to be our merit, being of the same Dignity with yourself, We conjure you this in Quality of a Brother, Adieu.

The present consisted in the first place, of one single ruby made into a cup, about half a foot high, an inch thick, and filled with round pearls of half a dram each. 2. Of the skin of a serpent, whose scales were as large as an ordinary piece of gold, and had the virtue to preserve from sickness those who lay upon it. 3. In 50000 drams of the best wood aloes, with 30 grains of camphire as big as pistachio nuts. And 4. A she-slave of ravishing beauty, whose apparel was all covered over with jewels.

The ship, set fail, and after a long and very successful voyage, we landed at Balsora, from

whence I went to Bagdad, where the first thing I did was to acquit myself of my commission.

I took the King of Serendib's letter, and went to prefent mytelf at the gate of the Commander of the Faithful, followed by the beautiful flave, and fuch of my own family as carried the prefents. I gave an account of the reason of my coming, and was immediately conducted to the throne of the Caliph. I made my reverence by prostration, and, after a short speech, gave him the letter and present. When he had read what the King of Serendib wrote to him, he asked me, if that prince were really so rich and potent as he had said in his letter?

I prostrated myself a second time, and rising again, "Commander of the Faithful, says I, I

" can affure your majefty he doth not exceed the "truth on that head, I am a witness of it. "There is nothing more capable of raising a

"There is nothing more capable of raising a man's admiration, that the magnificence of his palace. And further, the King of Seren-

"dib is fo just, that there are no judges in his

"dominions. His people have no need of them.
"They understand and observe justice exactly of
themselves." The Caliph was much pleased
with my discourse." The wisdom of that
king, says he, appears in his letter, and after
what you tell me, I must consess, that his
wisdom is worthy of his people, and his people deserve so wise a prince. Having spoke
thus, he discharged me, and sent me home

with a rich present.

SEVENTH VOYAGE

01

SINDBAD

THE

SAILOR.

BEING returned from my fixth voyage, I absolutely laid aside all my thoughts of travelling any farther. For, besides that my years did now require rest, I was resolved no more to expose myself to such risks as I had run. So that I thought of nothing but to pass the rest of my days in quiet. One day as I was treating a parcel of my friends, one of my servants, came and told me, that an officer of the Caliph's ask-

ed for me. I rose from the table, and went to him. " The Caliph, fays he, has fent me to tell you, that he must speak with you." I followed the officer to the palace, where being prefented to the Cal ph, I faluted him by prostrating myfelf at his feet. " Sindbad, fays he to " me, I stand in need of you, you must do me " the fervice to carry my answer and present to " the King of Serendib. It is but just I should " return his civility."

This command of the Caliph to me was like a clap of thunder. "Commander of the Faith-" ful, replied I, I am ready to do whatever " your majesty shall think fit to command me " but I befeech you most humbly to consider " what I have undergone. I have also made a " vow never to go out of Bagdad." Hence I took occasion to give him a large and particular account of all my adventures, which he had the patience to hear out.

As foon as I had finished, " I confess, savs " he, that the things you tell me are very ex" traordinary, yet you must for my sake under-" take this voyage which I propose to you. "You have nothing to do but to go to the ifle of Serendib, and deliver the commission which " I give you. After that, you are at liberty " to return. But you must go, for you " know it would be undecent, and not fuita-" ble to my dignity, to be indebted to the King of that island." Perceiving that the Caliph infifted upon it, I submitted, and told him that I was willing to obey. He was very well pleased at it, and ordered me 1000 sequins for

the charge of my journey.

I prepared for my departure in a few days, and as foon as the Caliph's letter and prefent were delivered to me, I went to Balfora, where I embarked, and had a very happy voyage. I arrivd at the isle of Serendib, where I acquainted, the King's ministers with my commiston, and prayed them to get me speedy audience. They did so, and was conducted to the palace in an honourable manner, where I faluted the King by prostration, according to custom. That prince knew me immediately, and testified very great joy to see me. "O Sindbad, says he, "you are welcome, I swear to you I have ma-" ny times thought of you since you went from hence, I bless the day upon which we see one another once more." I made my compliment to him, and, after having thanked him for his kindness to me, I delivered him the Caliph's letter and present, which he received with all imaginable satissaction.

The Caliph's present was a compleat bed of cloth of gold, valued at 1000 sequins. Fifty robes of rich stuff, a hundred others of white cloth, another crimson bed, and a third of another safty. A vessel of agate, broader than deep, of an inch thick, and half a foot wide, the bottom of which represented in bass-relief, a man with one knee on the ground, who held a bow and arrow, ready, to let sly at a lion. He sent him also a rich table, which according to

tradition, belonged to the great Solomon. The Caliph's letter was as follows;

Greeting in Name of the Sovereign Guide of the Right Way, to the Potent and Happy Sultan, from Abdallah Haroun Alraschid, whom God hath set in the Place of Honour, after his Ancestors of happy Memory.

WE received your Letter with Joy, and send you this from the Council of our Port; the Garden of superior Wits. We hope when you look upon it you will find our good Intention, and be pleased with it. Adieu.

The King of Serendib was mightly pleafed that the Caliph answered his friendship. A little time after this audience, I solicited leave to depart and obtained the same with much difficulty.

I got it however at last, and the King, when he discharged me, made me a very considerable present. I embarked immediately to return to Bagdad, but had not the good fortune to arrive there as I hoped. God ordered it otherwise.

Three or four days after my departure, we were attacked by Corfairs, who easily seized upon our ship, because it was no vessel of force. Some of the crew offered resistance, which cost them their lives. But for me and the rest, who were not so imprudent, the Corfairs saved us on purpose to make slaves of us.

We were all stript, and instead of our own cloaths, they gave us forry rags, and carried us

into a remote island, where they fold us.

I fell into the hands of a rich merchant, who as foon as he bought me, carried me to his house, treated me well, and clad me handsomely for a flave. Some days after, not knowing what I was, he asked me if I understood any trade; I answered, that I was no mechanic, but a merchant, and that the Corfairs, who sold me, robbed me of all I had. "But tell me," replies he, "can you shoot with a bow?" I answered,

"That the bow was one of the exercises of my " youth, and I had not yet forgot it." Then he gave me a bow and arrows, and, with a drefs peculiar to the island, carried me to a vast forest fome leagues from the town. We went a great way into the forest, and when he thought fit to stop, he bid me alight; then, shewing me a great tree, " Climb up that tree," fays he, and shoot at the elephants as you see them pass by, for there is a prodigious number of them in this forest, and if any of them fall " come and give me notice of it." Having Spoke thus, he left me victuals, and returned to the town, and I continued upon the tree all the night.

I faw no elephant during that time, but next morning, as foon as the fun was up, I faw a great number; I shot several arrows among them and at last one of the elephants fell; the rest retired immediately, and lest me at liberty to go and acquaint my patron with my booty, when I told him the news, he gave me a good meal,

commended my dexterity, and careffed me mightily. We went afterwards together to the forest, where we dug a hole for the elephant; my patron designing to return when it was rotten, and to take his teeth, &c. to trade with.

I continued this game for two months, and killed an elephant every day, getting sometimes upon one tree and fometimes upon another. One morning, as I looked for the elephants, I perceived with an extreme amazement, that, instead of passing by me a-cross the forest as usual they stopped and came to me with a horrible noise, in such number that the earth was covered with them, and shook under me. They encompassed the tree where I was, with their trunks extended, and their eyes all fixed upon me. At this frightful spectacle I continued unmoveable, and was fo much frightened, that my bow and arrows fell out of my hand.

My fears were not in vain; for after the elephants had stared upon me some time, one of the largest of them put his trunk round the root of

the tree, and pulled fo strong, that he plucked it up, and threw it on the ground; I fell with the tree, and the elephant taking me up with his trunk, laid me on his back, where I fat more like one dead than alive, with my quiver on my fhoulder: he put himself afterwards at the head of the rest, who followed him in troops, and carried me to a place where he laid me down on the ground, and retired with all his companions. Conceive, if you can, the condition I was in: I thought myself to be in a dream; at last, after having laid fome time, and feeing the elephants gone, I got up and found I was upon a long and broad hill, covered all over with the bones and teeth of elephants. I confess to you, that this object furnished me with abundance of reflections. I admired the instinct of those animals; I doubted not but that was their burying-place, and that they carried me thither on purpose to tell me that I should forbear to persecute them, since I did it only for their teeth. I did not stay on the hill, but turned towards the city, and, after having

travelled a day and a night, I came to my patron; I met no elephant in my way, which made me think they retired father into the forest, to leave me at liberty to come back to the hill without any obstacle.

As foon as my patron faw me, "Ah, poor " Sindbad," fays he, " I was in great trouble to " know what was become of you. I have been at the forest, where I found a tree newly pull-" ed up, and a bow and arrows on the ground, " and after having fought for you in vain, I " despaired of ever seeing you more. Pray tell " me what befel you, and by what good hap theu art still alive." I fatisfied his curiotity, and, going both of us next morning to the hill, he found, to his great joy, that what I told him was true. We loaded the elephant upon which we came, with as many teeth as he could carry; and when we were returned, "Brother," fays my pa-" tron, " for I will treat you no more as a flave. " after having made fuch a discovery as will en-" rich me. God bless you with all happiness &

" prosperity. I declare before him, that I give you your liberty. I concealed from you what " I am now going to tell you.

"The elephants of our forest have killed us a

great many slaves, whom we sent to seek ivory

" great many flaves, whom we fent to feek ivory.

" For all the cautions we could give them, those crafty animals killed them, one time or other.

"crafty animals killed them one time or other.
God has delivered you from their fury, and has

" bestowed that favour upon you only. It is a fign that he loves you, and has use for your fervice in the world. You have procured me incredible gain. We could not have ivory,

"incredible gain. We could not have ivory, formerly, but by exposing the lives of our flaves; and now our whole city is enriched by your means. Do not think I pretend to have

" rewarded you by giving you your liberty,
I vill also give you considerable riches. I
could engage all our city to contribute towards

" could engage all our city to contribute towards
making your fortune, but I will have the glory of doing it alone.

To this obliging discourse I replied, "Patron, God preserve you. Your giving me my liber-

"ty is enough to discharge what you owe me,
"and I desire no other reward for the service I have had the good fortune to do your city,
"but leave to return to my own country."
"Very well," says he, "the Mocon will in a "little time bring ships for ivory. I will send you home then, and give you wherewith to bear your charge." I thanked him again for my liberty, and his good intentions toward me, I staid with him expecting the Mocon; and during that time, we made so many journess to the hill, that we filled our warehouses with ivory, as did the other merchants who traded in it.

The ships arrived at last, and my patron himfelf having made choice of the ship wherein I was to embark, he loaded half of it with ivory on my account, he laid in provisions in abundance for my passage, and besides obliged me to accept a present of the curiosities of the country of great value. After I had returned him a thousand thanks for all his favours, I went aboard.

We stopt at some islands to take in fresh provisions; our vessel being come to a port on the Terra Firma in the Indies, we touched there, and not being willing to venture by fea to Balfora, I landed my proportion of the ivory, refolving to proceed on my journey by land. I made valt fums of my ivory. I bought feveral rarities which I intended for prefents, and when my equipage was got ready, I fet out in company of a large caravan of merchants. I was a long time on the way, and fuffered very much, but endured all with patience, when I confidered that I had nothing to fear from the feas, from pirates, from ferpents, nor of the other perils I had undergone.

All these fatigues ended at last, and I came safe to Bagdad. I went immediately to wait upon the Caliph, and gave him an account of my embassy. That prince told me, he had been uneasy, by reason I was so long a returning, but that he always hoped God would preserve me. I told him the adventure of the elephants. He

reckoned this story, and the other relations I had given him, to be so curious, that he ordered one of his secretaries to write them in characters of gold, and lay them up in his treasury. I retired very well satisfied with the honours I received, and the presents which he gave me; and after that I gave myself up wholly to my samily, kindred and friends.

FINIS.





